Trip Kit Index
Printed on 16 Apr 2023
Page 1
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List of pages in this Trip Kit

Trip Kit Index Airport Information For LPMA Terminal Charts For LPMA Revision Letter For Cycle 07-2023 Change Notices Notebook

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General Information

Location: MADEIRA PRT ICAO/IATA: LPMA / FNC

Lat/Long: N32° 41.65′, W016° 46.68′

Elevation: 191 ft

Airport Use: Public

Daylight Savings: Observed UTC Conversion: +0:00 = UTC Magnetic Variation: 4.0° W

Fuel Types: 100 Octane (LL), Jet A-1

Repair Types: Minor Airframe, Minor Engine

Customs: Yes
Airport Type: IFR
Landing Fee: Yes
Control Tower: Yes
Jet Start Unit: No
LLWS Alert: No
Beacon: Yes

Sunrise: 0637 Z Sunset: 1937 Z

Runway Information

Runway: 05

Length x Width: 9124 ft x 148 ft

Surface Type: asphalt TDZ-Elev: 146 ft

Lighting: Edge, ALS, Centerline, TDZ

Displaced Threshold: 492 ft

Runway: 23

Length x Width: 9124 ft x 148 ft

Surface Type: asphalt TDZ-Elev: 191 ft

Lighting: Edge, ALS, Centerline, TDZ

Displaced Threshold: 492 ft

Communication Information

ATIS: 130.355 Arrival Service ATIS: 121.630 Departure Service Airport Information For LPMA
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Page 2
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Madeira Tower: 124.660

Madeira Approach: 120.455 Secondary

Madeira Approach: 119.605 Lisbon ACC: 132.255 RCO

3 DEC 21

+ JEPPES EN (10-1P)

MADEIRA, PORTUGAL .AIRPORT.BRIEFING.

1. GENERAL

1.1. ATIS

D-ATIS Arrival 130.355 D-ATIS Departure 121.630

1.2. NOISE ABATEMENT

1.2.1. NIGHTTIME RESTRICTIONS

Landing and/or take-off is forbidden between 0000-0600LT, except in cases of force majeure. However, according to governmental deliberation, exception regime has been granted for MADEIRA APT in which landing and/or take-off of ACFT engaged in commercial aviation or aerial work are allowed in a limited number.

The authorization for air movements during this period is conditioned to:

- The maximum number of movements allowed (31 daily, 80 weekly)
 Special Seasons: Christmas, New Year's Day, Carnival, Easter and 'Festa del Flor' (52 daily, 134 weekly);
- The noise level of the ACFT concerned, in compliance with ICAO:

Noise Level Band (EPNdB)	QUOTA Count
below 87	0
87 - 89.9	0.5
90 - 92.9	1
93 - 95.9	2
96 - 98.9	4
99 - 101.9	8
more than 101.9	16

ACFT classified Level 4, 8 and 16 cannot be scheduled between 0200-0500LT.

The operating restrictions set out above (max. movements) shall not apply to the following cases of force majeure:

- ACFT operating humanitarian, emergency or evacuation missions;
- ACFT to come across urgent situations, taking into account weather, technical failure or flight safety reasons;
- Air movements subject to an unforeseen schedule alteration due to abnormal disturbance within Air Traffic Control;
- Air movements operated up to 0100LT which were actually scheduled for periods up to 0000LT due to delays for which neither the APT management company nor the operator were to blame;
- Landings operated during the period comprised between 0500-0600LT, due to weather reasons, as far as the arrival had been scheduled for a time after 0600LT.

1.2.2. ENGINE TEST RUNS

Engine test runs must be made on the RWY. Engine test runs in idle power may take place on stands, with the prior authorization of the APT Operations.

Tests are only permitted between 0600-2300LT and with the prior authorization of the APT Operations.

3 DEC 21

+ JEPPES EN (10-1P1)

MADEIRA, PORTUGAL .AIRPORT.BRIEFING.

1. GENERAL

1.3. SPECIAL PROCEDURES AND OPERATING LIMITATIONS

1.3.1. OPERATING AT MADEIRA APT

The APT is located on a plateau on the East coast of Madeira Island. Except for the seaside ground raises rapidly very close to it. This fact generates, very often, wind variation and turbulence. Also severe low altitude wind shear conditions and/or microburst are likely to be encountered.

STRAIGHT-IN APPROACHES NOT AUTHORIZED FROM FUNCHAL VOR TO RWY 23.

1.3.1.1. APPLICABILITY

The following items (1.3.1.2. thru 1.3.1.5.) are mandatory to scheduled and non-scheduled revenue flights involving ACFT with a capacity in excess of 10 passengers.

Pilots are informed that, at any time, they may be required to show evidence to MADEIRA APT authorities of compliance with referred items.

1.3.1.2. CREW REQUIREMENTS

Initial Experience

To operate at MADEIRA APT, the Pilot-in-Command must have a minimum of 200 flying hours as captain on the concerned type of ACFT, before completing the initial training.

Recent Experience

To operate at MADEIRA APT, the Pilot-in-Command must have performed there, during the last 6 months:

- one landing and take-off, or
- a flight simulator training comprising a landing and take-off on each RWY, on a simulated adverse weather condition, or
- a line training flight to MADEIRA APT, comprising a landing and take-off, assisted by a qualified instructor occupying the right-hand seat.

The Pilot-In-Command is authorized to operate to MADEIRA APT (LPMA) for a period of six months starting from the date of issue.

1.3.1.3. MINIMUM TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

In order to operate at MADEIRA APT, the operator must establish and accomplish beforehand a training program concerning the type of ACFT to be used. This training, if performed on local flights, must include at least, landings and take-offs by DAY and NIGHT in both directions, emphasizing:

- the take-off flight path to RWY 23;
- the take-off flight path to RWY 05;
- the balked landing (go-around initiated in landing configuration from very low height) on both directions;
- the let-down and approach to both RWYs;
- the operational effect on RWY slope and dimensions and associated safety margins.

If the training is to be performed in a flight simulator, the following procedures must be included in the training program, for each RWY:

- Take-off with engine failure after V1;
- Relight after engine failure;
- VOR approach;
- Balked landing and go-around;
- Visual approach;
- Landing;
- Weather conditions: Winds the maximum as indicated in Operating Procedures and Limitations paragraph (see below), severe turbulence. Windshear and up- and downdrafts must be included in the different approaches;
- One landing at NIGHT must be executed for each RWY.

5 MAR 21

+ JEPPES EN (10-1P2)

MADEIRA, PORTUGAL .AIRPORT.BRIEFING.

1. GENERAL

1.3.1.4. LINE TRAINING

No line training is required if the flight simulator used is level D. If level C flight simulator is used, line training must be performed with one landing and take-off at Madeira APT, with an instructor occupying the right-hand seat.

1.3.1.5. ACFT TYPE CHANGE

A captain qualified at Madeira APT in one type of ACFT, changing to another type, must do the flight simulator training program mentioned in paragraph 1.3.1.3. or, instead, will land and take off in both RWYs without passengers on board and no line training will be required in both cases.

1.3.1.6. TRAINING PROGRAM

The training program referred to in paragraph 1.3.1.3. will have to be approved by INAC (Portuguese Civil Aviation Authority).

1.3.1.7. DEVIATIONS AND UNCONFORMITIES

Any deviations or unconformities from requirements stated in paragraph 1.3.1.2. thru 1.3.1.5. will be dealt on a case by case basis.

1.3.2. RESPONSIBILITY

Compliance with operating limitations is mandatory. Any deviation must be reported to INAC by Tower.

1.3.3. OPERATING PROCEDURES AND LIMITATIONS

1.3.3.1. WIND/TURBULENCE

Wind Information

Control Tower will provide 2 minutes mean wind values at Rosario and touchdown zone simultaneously with landing clearance or missed approach/go-around instructions when landing clearance cannot be issued due to winds exceeding APT published landing limits.

Further wind information after a landing clearance has been issued will be provided at pilot's request or upon occurrence of variations from the last 2 minutes mean wind direction of 60° or more, or mean wind speed of 3 KT or more.

Instantaneous wind read outs will be provided at pilot's request.

Wind Limitations

- When landing

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Maximum of 2 minutes mean wind speed values indicated by the touchdown anemometer:

- In the sector 300° to 010° MAG (clockwise) 15 KT with a maximum wind gust of 25 KT.
- In the sector 120[^] to 190[^] MAG (clockwise) and if RWY in use is 05 - 20 KT, with a maximum wind gust of 30 KT, and if RWY in use is 23 - 15 KT subject also to a maximum wind gust of 25 KT as indicated by MID anemometer.

Maximum of 2 minutes mean wind speed values, including gust indicated by the MID or Rosario anemometer:

- In the sector 200[^] to 230[^] MAG (clockwise) - 25 KT.

5 MAR 21

+ JEPPES EN (10-1P3)

MADEIRA, PORTUGAL .AIRPORT.BRIEFING.

1. GENERAL

When taking-off

Maximum of 2 minutes mean wind speed values indicated by the MID anemometer:

- In the sector 300[^] to 010[^] MAG (clockwise) 20 KT with no gust limitations.
- In the sector 020[^] to 040[^] MAG (clockwise) 25 KT with no gust limitations.
- In the sector 120[^] to 190[^] MAG (clockwise), and if RWY in use is 05 - 25 KT with no gust limitations, and if RWY in use is 23 - 20 KT also with no gust limitations.

Note: The limitations above do not supersede any operators or AOM limitations if these are more restrictive.

Turbulence

- Attention should be paid to the WIND DIRECTION INDICATORS located on the south side of the RWY, near each touch-down area. They will reflect unexpected wind changes. Occasionally they will indicate wind from opposite directions.
- When landing on RWY 05 wind differences higher than 5 KT, between Rosario and MID anemometer, may indicate turbulence on final.
- When landing on RWY 23 with winds from southerly and westerly sectors, severe turbulence may be experienced at low altitude over the RWY THR.
- Headwind or nearly so, up to 15 KT will cause "WEAK" turbulence on final;
- Wind of 15 KT from s ector 020[^] to 050 [^] MAG (clockwise) may cause "MODER-ATE" turbulence;
- Wind of 15 KT or even less from sect or 300[^] to 020[^] MAG (clockwise) may cause "SEVERE" turbulence;
- Down- or updrafts are to be expected near the THR of RWYs 05 and 23.

Note: Pilots are strongly requested to report to the Control Tower as soon as possible any turbulence and/or windshear that may affect operational conditions.

Wind out of Limits Procedures

A landing clearance will not be issued and missed approach/go-around instructions will be provided immediately by ATC if winds exceed published landing limits when:

- An approaching ACFT to RWY 05 is reaching the following points:
 - MAP, when established on VOR VISUAL APPROACH RWY 05 and CIRCLING VOR DME RWY 05.
 - MA566, when established on RNP VISUAL APPROACH RWY 05 and RNP A RWY 05.
 - MA508, when established on RNP Y RWY 05 (AR).
 - MA522, when established on RNP Z RWY 05 (AR).
- An approaching ACFT to RWY 23 is reaching the following points:
 - MAP, when established on CIRCLING VOR DME RWY 23.
 - MA562 when established on RNP VISUAL APPROACH RWY 23 and RNP B RWY 23.
 - MA408 when established on RNP RWY 23 (AR).

If a pilot insists on landing even though clearance has not been issued and has been informed of the current wind limitations on the use of aerodrome, ATC will ensure that RWY is clear and inform the pilot that landing without clearance will be pilot's own responsibility.

Landing at pilot's responsibility does not relieve him/her from compliance with published wind operating limitations and of any responsibility whatsoever in connection with a violation of applicable rules and regulations.

30 SEP 22

+ JEPPES EN (10-1P4)

MADEIRA, PORTUGAL
.Eff.6.Oct. .AIRPORT.BRIEFING.

1. GENERAL

In case winds exceed published landing limits after an ACFT has been cleared to land, TWR will not cancel landing clearance to avoid ATC-induced circumstances and it will be pilot's responsibility to evaluate whether flight conditions are suitable to complete the approach or flight safety dictates the initiation of a missed approach/go-around procedure.

If a pilot insists on taking off even though has been informed of the current wind limitations on the use of aerodrome for departure, ATC will not issue take-off clearance, will ensure that RWY is clear and inform the pilot that taking off without clearance will be pilot's own responsibility.

1.3.3.2. VISUAL APPROACH PROCEDURES

See appropriate charts for approaches to RWYs 05 and 23.

1.3.3.3. LANDING PROCEDURES

All landings are to be made in visual conditions (see appropriate chart).

RNP AR RWY 05

FROP:

- located at 0.6NM from THR 05, so by definition, less than 50 seconds from DA;
- for all ACFT categories and RNP AR values in final segment, DA is reached before FROP (MA502 inside the RF turn).

Authorization Required Details

To obtain from ANAC (Portuguese competent Authority) an "Authorization Required" to fly RNP AR APCH procedure in LPMA, for which a procedure-specific approval is required, operator has to provide it's flight crew members an additional ground training and FSTD training, as appropriate, to cope with the mitigations procedures that were described in it's FOSA.

The operator should ensure that the additional training programs, inserted in operator's Manual (normally Part D), for such procedures, include as at least all of the following:

- What Regulation (EU) no. 965/2012 in AMC 1 SPA.PBN.100 (b) alinea c)(2) from (VI) till (XII), describes as necessary;
- The crew training recommendations and mitigations stated in the procedure flight operational safety assessment (FOSA); and
- Specific training and operational provision published in this AIP, which is for Madeira, at least, special emphasis on a missed approach for RWY 05 in which "TOGA to LNAV" (or similar function) fails, in a "RF" leg;
- Another approach with Missed Approach in One Engine Inoperative and a "loss of GNSS navigation";
- At least, taking in account what above is stated, 2 approaches for RWY 05 and 2 approaches for RWY 23 in FFS should be trained. One of these, for RWY 05, should be for a full stop landing, with left limiting crosswind;
- Training and checking may be combined and conducted by the same person, TRE (Type Rating Examiner), CRE (Class Rating Examiner) or SFE (Synthetic Flight Examiner) during LPCs (License Proficiency Check), OPCs (Operator Proficiency Check) or specials FFS (Full Flight Simulator) sessions for this purposes.

In the correct sequence to obtain the authorization, the operator shall e-mail to ops@anac.pt its intentions, and:

(1) Operator has to prove to ANAC, via its AOC Appendix II "Opspecs", or Letter of Authorization, from its competent authority that is approved for "Generic" RNP AR APCH (with "RF" leg capability), before an application for an authorization may be accepted.

30 SEP 22

+JEPPESEN 10-1P5

MADEIRA, PORTUGAL .Eff.6.Oct.

.AIRPORT.BRIEFING.

1. GENERAL

- (2) A FOSA taking in account, at least, that for RWY 05, FROP is shorter than recommended, due terrain morphology in final approach leg/Decision point (DA/H) is in "RF" leg/RWY 23 missed approach sector bank angle, limited by speed restriction.
- (3) Evidence of "Training and Checking" program as above stated.
- (4) Evidence of operational procedures for normal, abnormal and contingency situations and specific for LPMA RNP AR APCHs taking in account what (2) states.

Note: DME/DME is not applicable (except for a contingency ACFT extraction from the procedure, after 6 minutes of a "GPS PRIMARY LOST", while flying in IRS only).

As a contingency and in case of remote, or extremely remote failures, with a probability of loss of all navigation information (or similar situation), an immediate turn to 139[^] (by the shorter direction) and climbing to 3000[′] or above, will always extract in a safe manner the ACFT from the obstacle areas. Contact MADEIRA TWR or APP for further clearance.

When "Authorization Required" is obtained from ANAC, a Letter of Authorization will be sent to operator with all conditions stated.

One of the conditions is a "Temporary Initial Limitation" for specific operational experience gaining:

- Each approved pilot Commander for this operation will operate the first RNP AR APCH in VMC conditions;
- The 2nd and 3rd approach will be limited with CMV (Converted Meteorological Visibility) for RNP 0.3 (for any of the RWYs and their approach category A, B, C or D) plus 500m;
- 4th approach and further, according to the approval that all of operator's ACFT/pilot are approved by its competent authority (i.e. RNP 0.1 minima).

1.3.3.4. DEPARTURE PROCEDURES

Pilots are advised to select full power on take-off in the presence of turbulence or downdraft reports.

Take-off on both RWYs must be made in a minimum visibility shown on 10-9, required take-off alternate.

There are curved trajectories defined for both RWYs and for all engines.

Each operator must prepare its own engine failure procedure.

1.3.3.5. NIGHT OPERATIONS

A captain can operate at NIGHT provided he has previously operated and got familiar with Madeira APT during daytime.

1.4. RWY BACKTRACK OPERATIONS

RWY backtrack operations forbidden to ACFT with MTOW above 30t. These operations must be done only on turning bays.

1.5. TAXI PROCEDURES

TWY A MAX wingspan 213'/65m.

PARKING INFORMATION 1.6.

Marshaller assistance compulsory.

Stand entrance is only allowed with Follow-me.

OTHER INFORMATION 1.7.

Caution: Birds.

LPMA/FNC

MADEIRA

12 FEB 21

+ JEPPES EN (10-1P6)

MADEIRA, PORTUGAL .Eff.25.Feb. .AIRPORT.BRIEFING.

2. ARRIVAL

2.1. COMMUNICATION FAILURE

2.1.1. RNAV 1 CERTIFIED

If cleared by LISBOA Control or MADEIRA Approach units to proceed via a STAR continue descent to 3000' via the STAR. Comply with all speed and altitude restrictions to perform an RNAV (GNSS) or RNP-AR approach to the RWY-in-use.

Otherwise continue descent to the last assigned and acknowledged FL or FL 100 whichever is higher, proceed direct to PILIM and hold as published. At PILIM holding start descent to 3000' to perform an RNAV (GNSS) or RNP-AR approach to the RWY-in-use.

If unable to perform RNAV (GNSS) or RNP-AR approaches continue descent to the last assigned and acknowledged FL or FL 100 whichever is higher, proceed direct to ABUSU and hold as published. At ABUSU holding start descent to 3000' to perform a VOR/DME approach with circling to the RWY-in-use.

2.1.2. NON-RNAV EQUIPPED

Continue descent to the last assigned and acknowledged FL or FL 100 whichever is higher, proceed direct to ABUSU and hold as published. At ABUSU holding start descent to 3000' to perform a VOR/DME approach with circling to the RWY-inuse.

2.1.3. FLIGHTS BELOW FL 100

If visual with the RWY perform a visual approach.

If IMC and flying on a STAR continue descent to 3000' via the STAR. Comply with all speed and altitude restrictions to perform an RNAV (GNSS) or RNP-AR approach to the RWY-in-use.

If IMC and flying direct continue descent to 3000' to:

- PILIM to perform an RNAV (GNSS) or RNP-AR approach; or
- ABUSU to perform a VOR/DME with circling to the RWY-in-use.

3. DEPARTURE

3.1. START-UP, PUSH-BACK AND TAXI PROCEDURES

Engine start-up is only permitted after push-back maneuver with ACFT positioned in breakaway area.

All ACFT must activate anti-collision lights before starting engines.

To prevent blast damage in ACFT equipment and personnel, all ACFT operations on the apron must be made using lowest power setting.

3.2. COMMUNICATION FAILURE

Fly at/to the last assigned and acknowledged level, or to the level of SID if is higher than the last assigned level until passing D30.0 FUN.

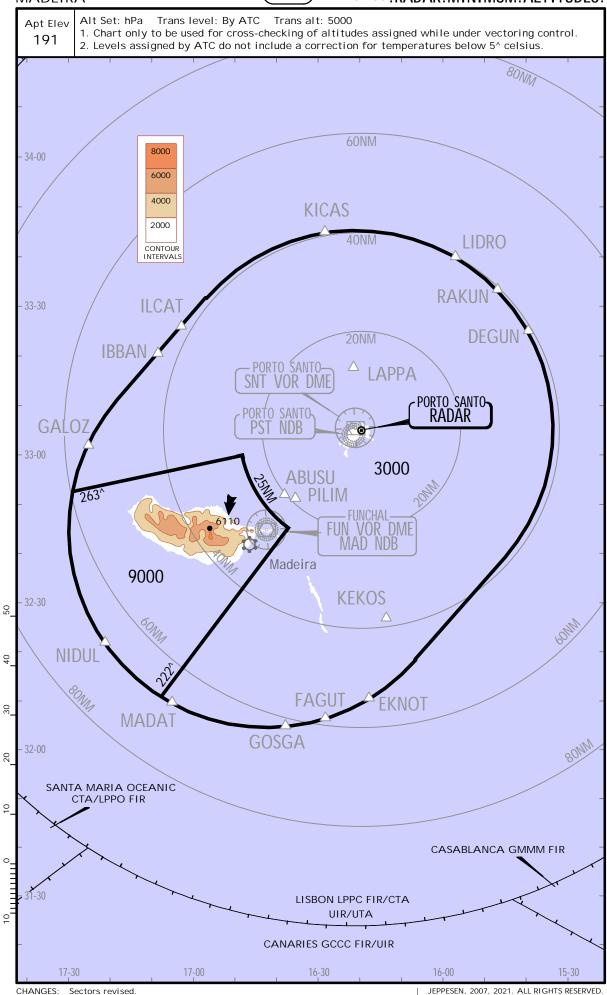
Thereafter adjust level and speed in accordance with the filed flight plan.

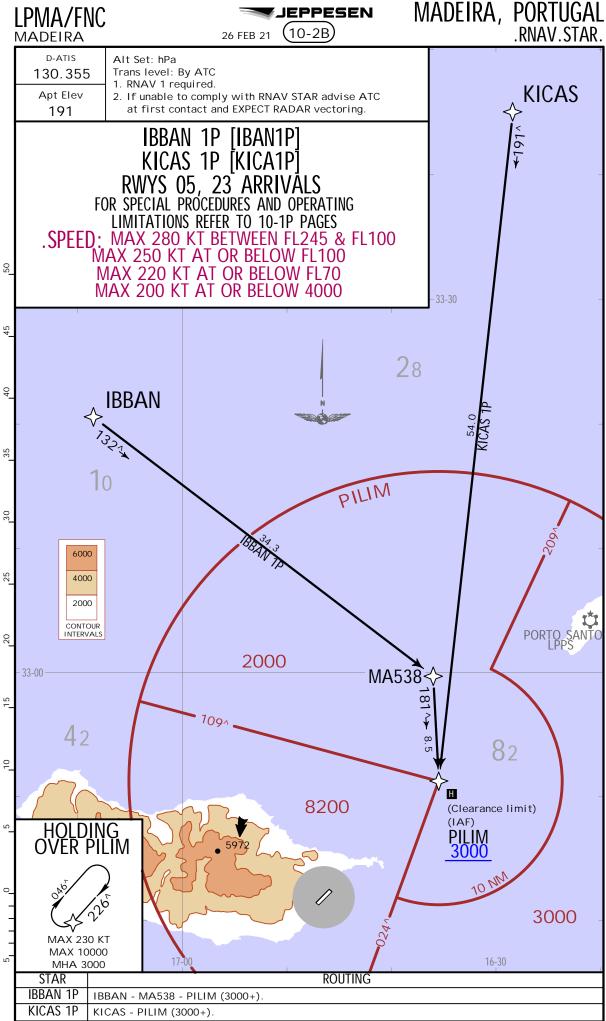
If being radar vectored or proceeding offset, when passing D30.0 FUN, rejoin the current flight plan route and adjust level and speed in accordance with filed flight plan.

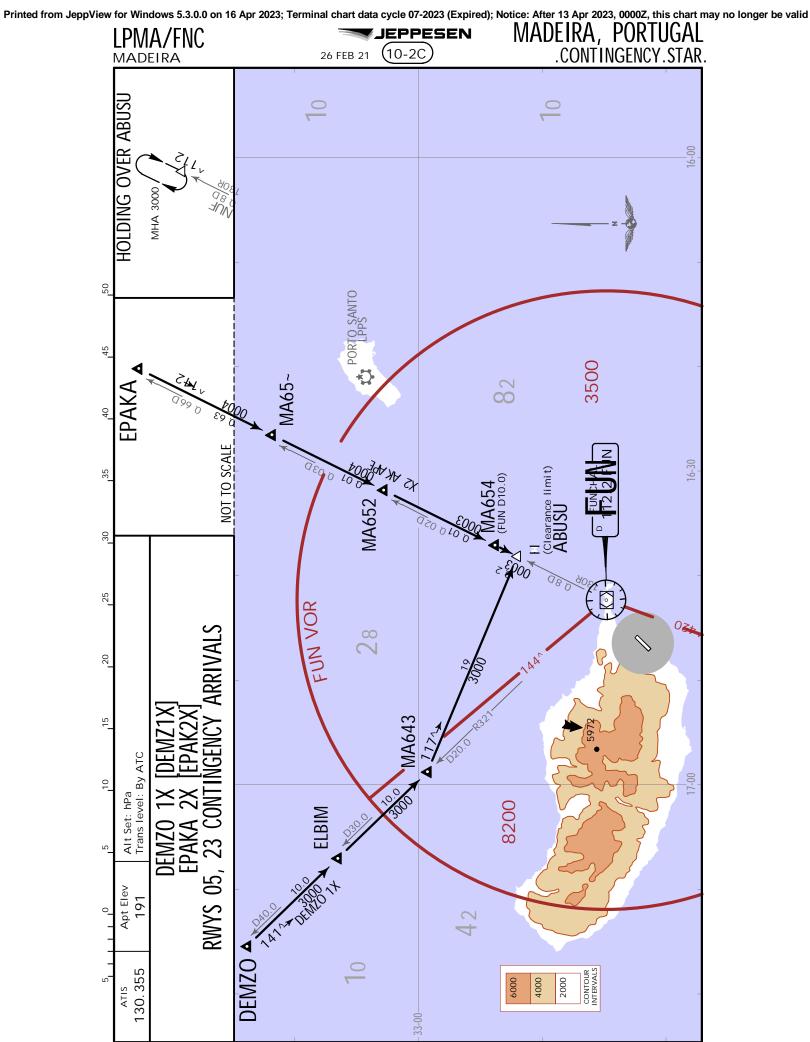
If cleared by DCT, fly at/to the assigned and acknowledged level or to FL 60, whichever is higher. Until passing D30.0 FUN maintain the current flight plan route and adjust level and speed in accordance with filed flight plan.

LPMA/FNC
MADEIRA

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MADEIRA, PORTUGAL
19 FEB 21
10-1R
.Eff.25.Feb..RADAR.MINIMUM.ALTITUDES.

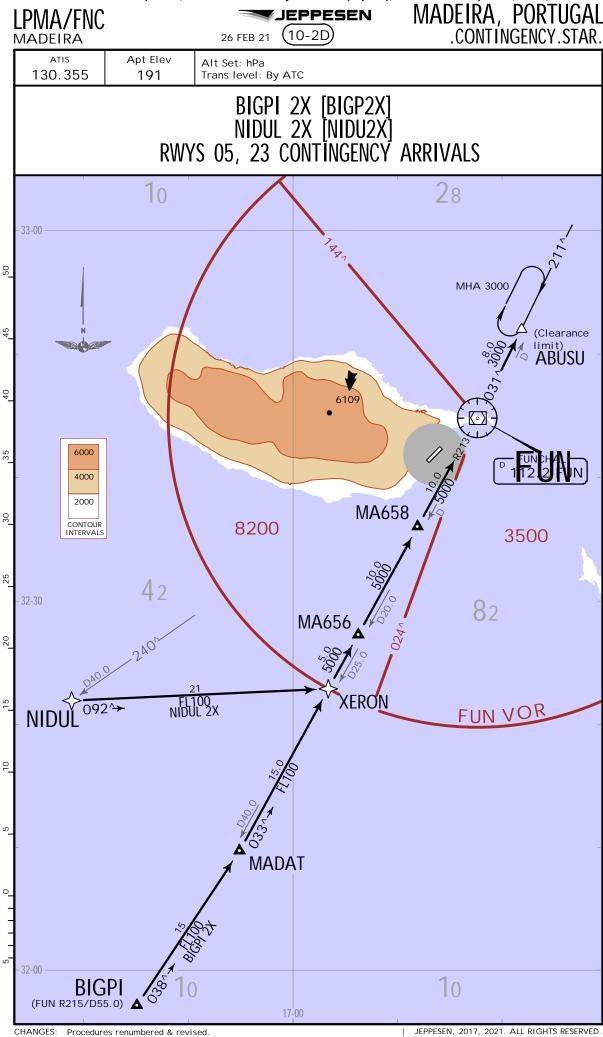


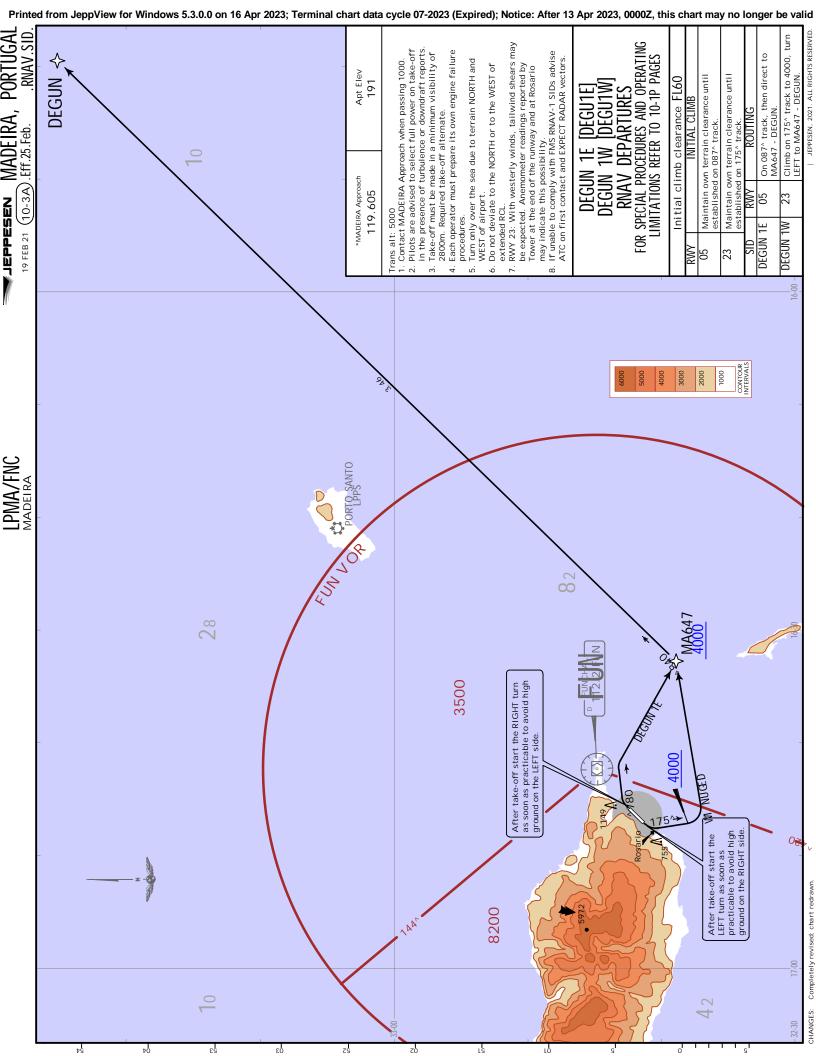


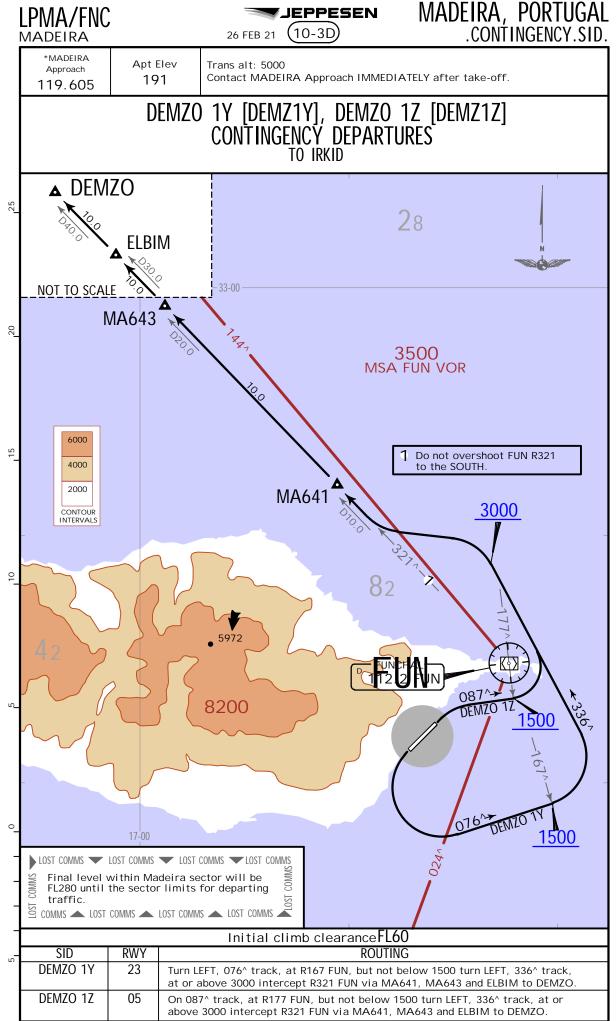


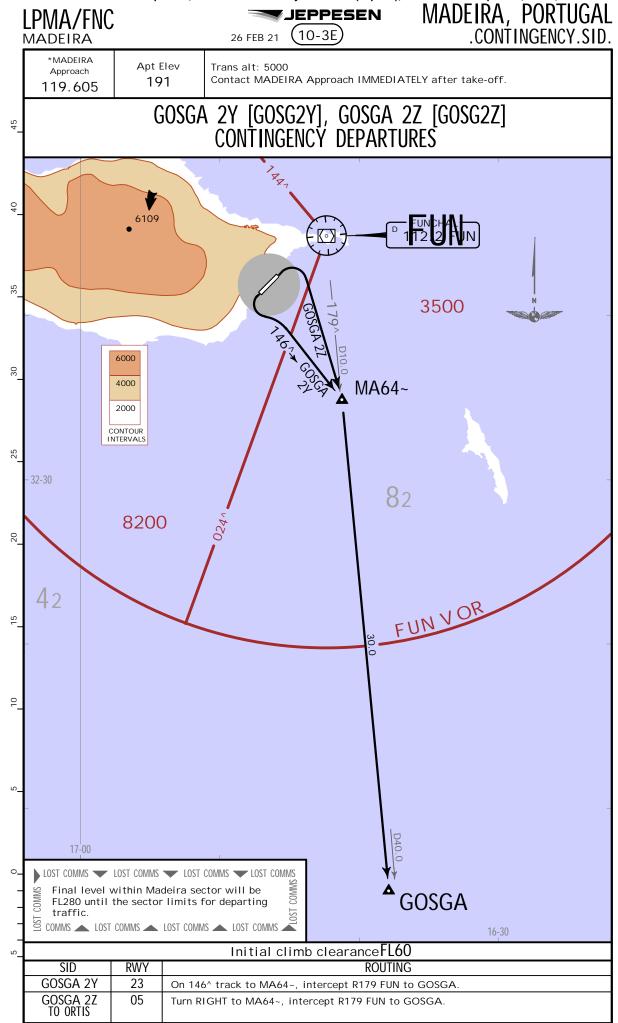
Procedures renamed, renumbered & revised; chart redrawn

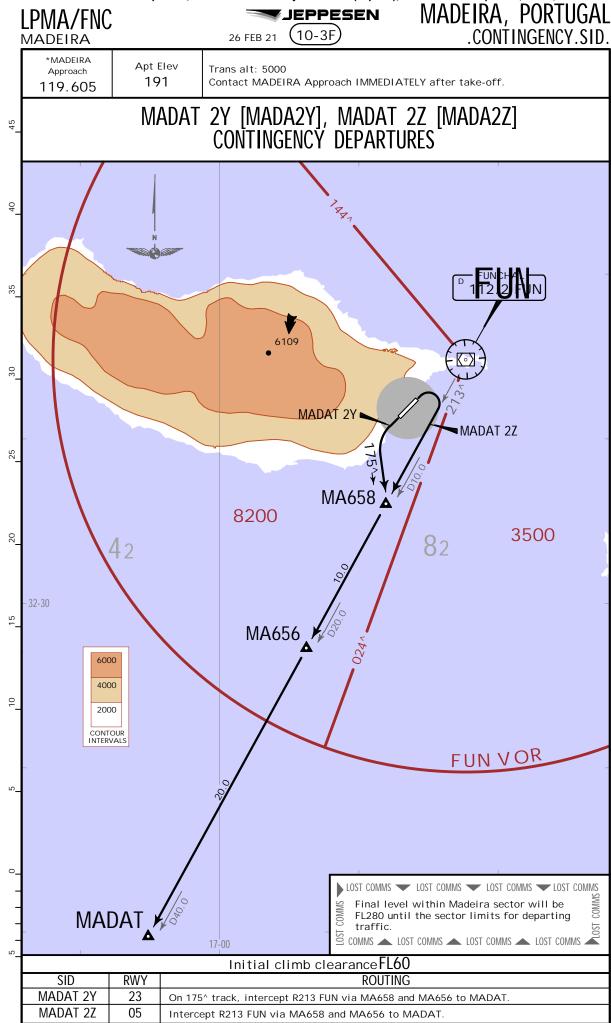
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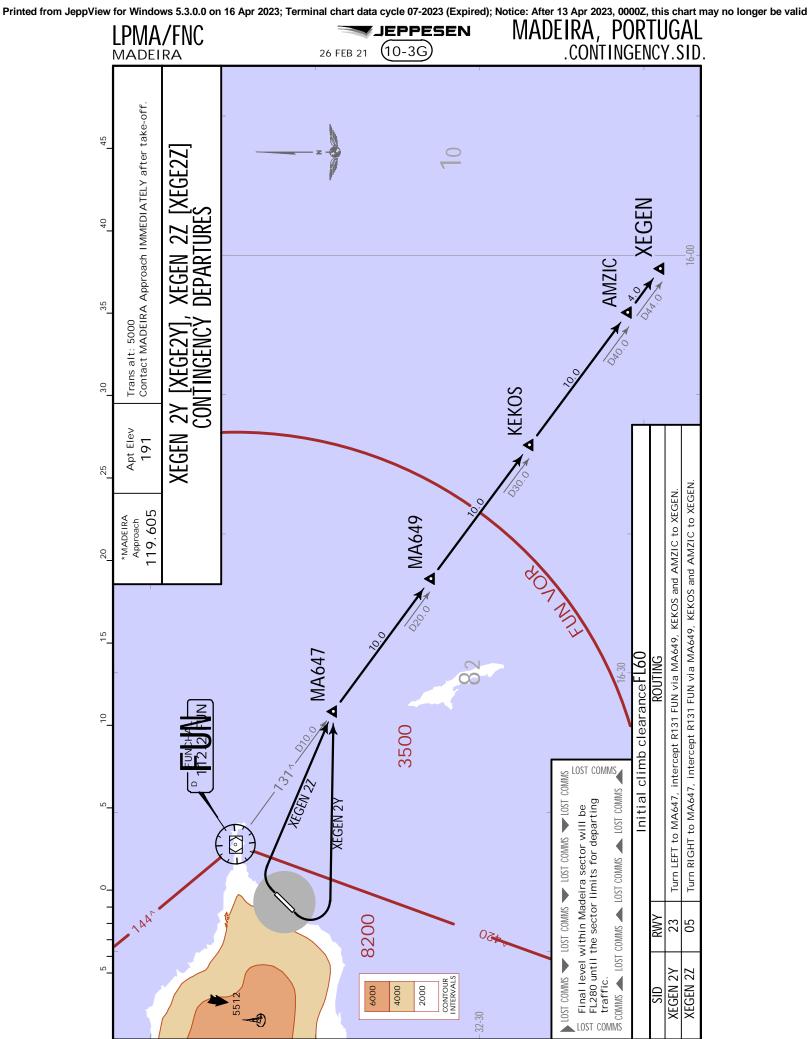


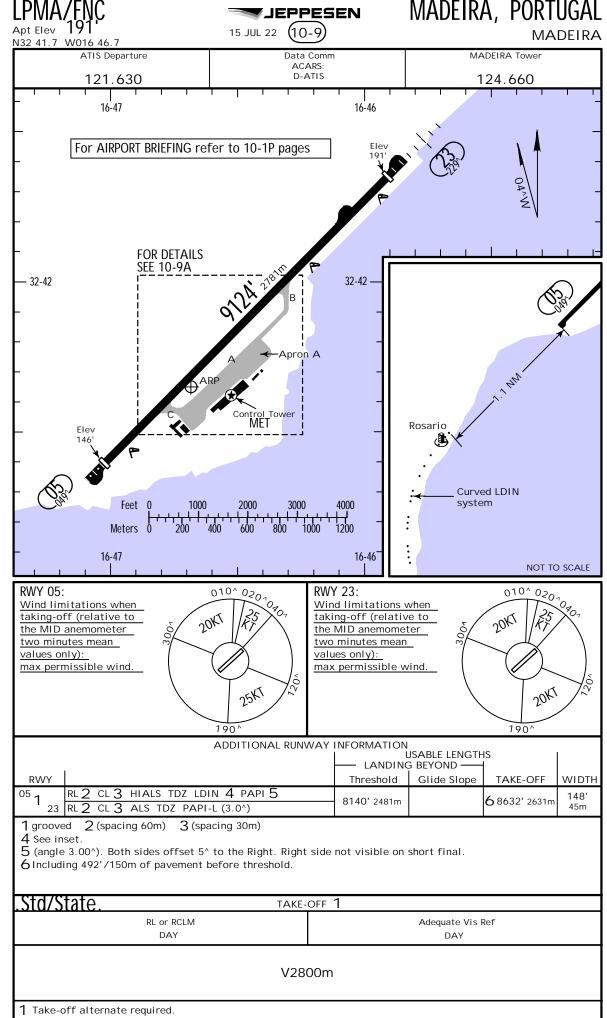












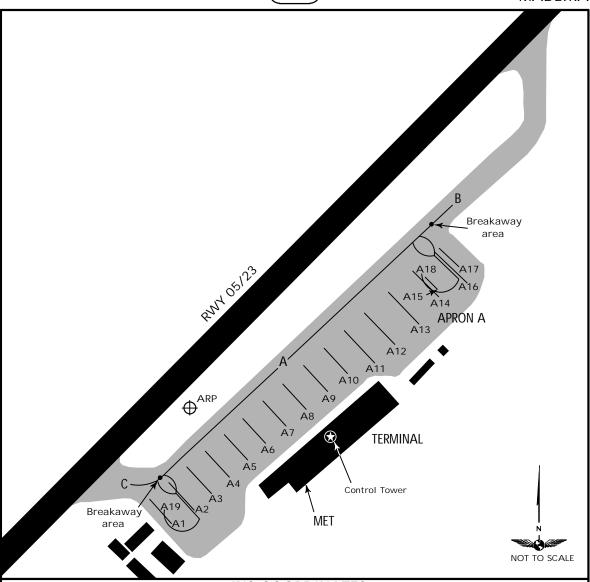
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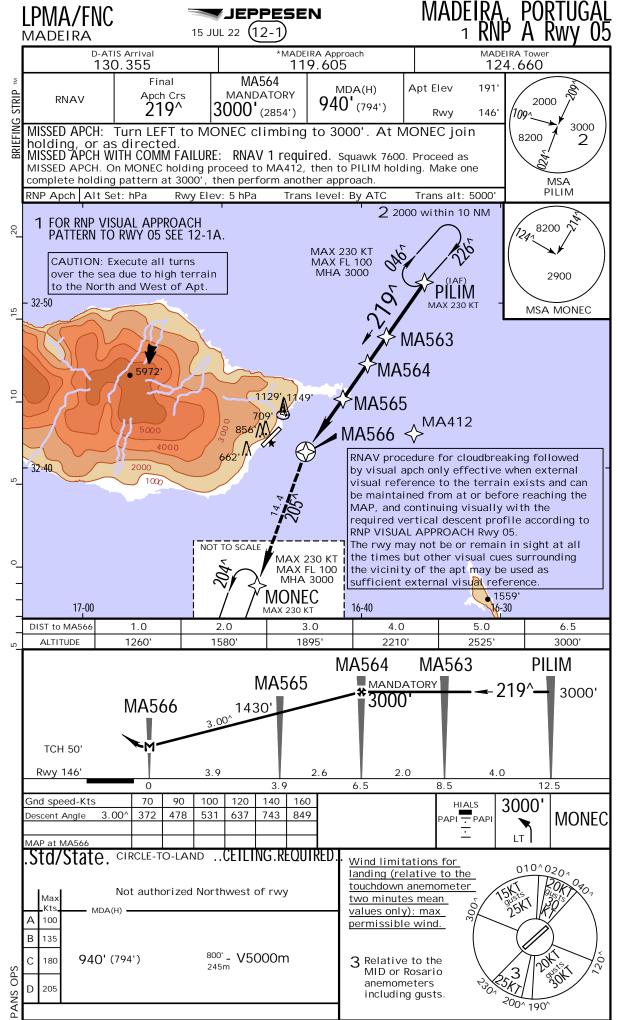
MADEIRA, PORTUGAL

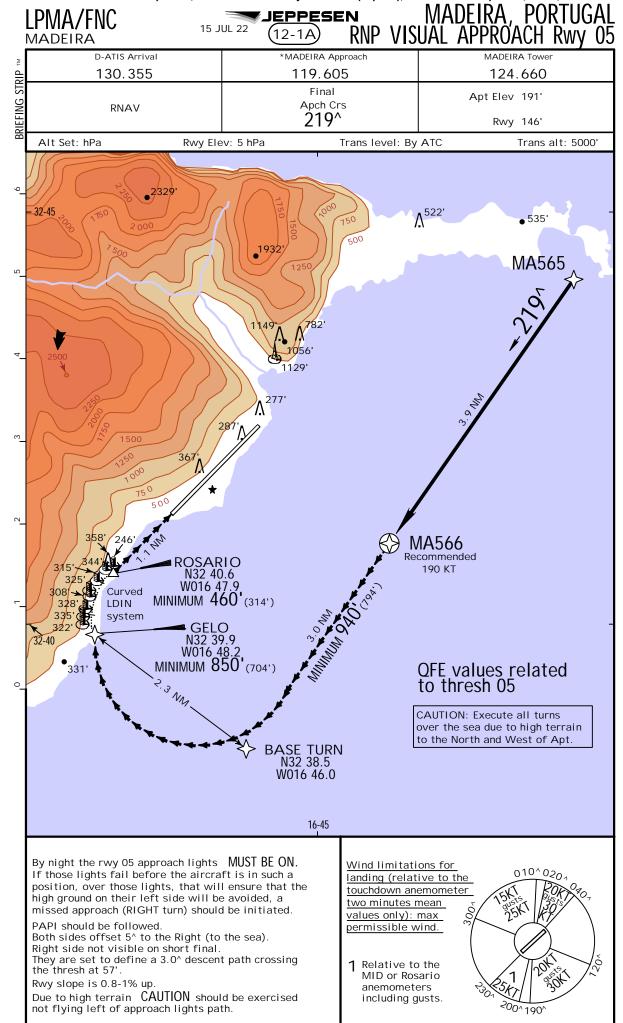
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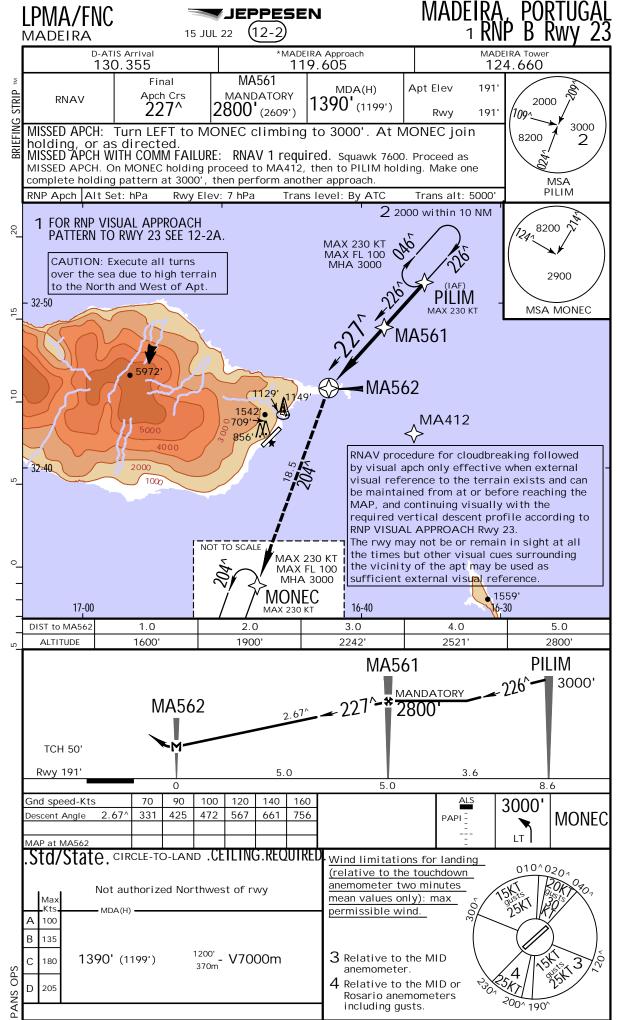
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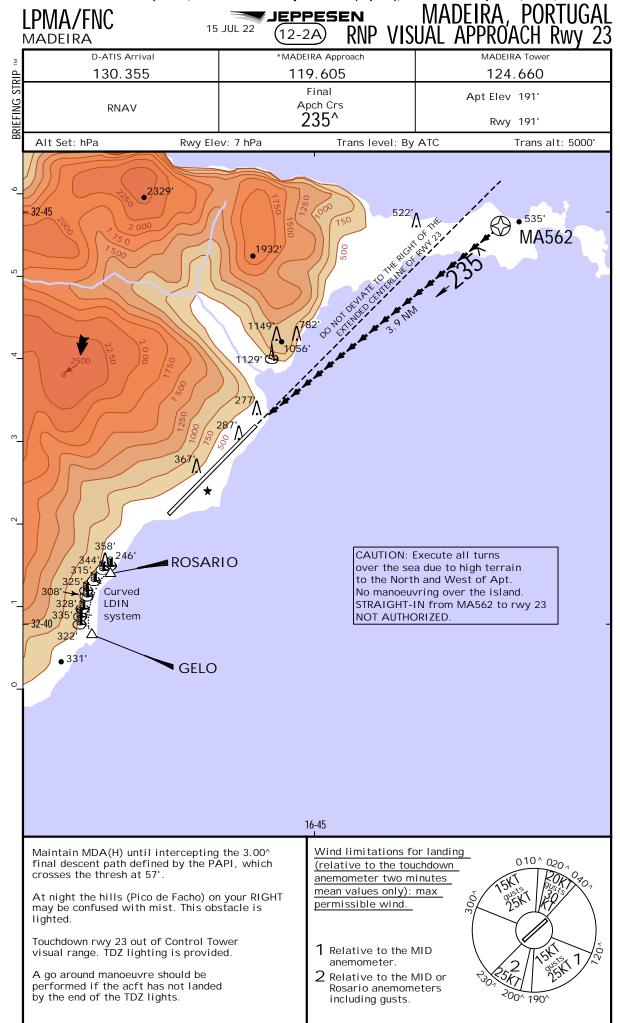
INS COORDINATES						
STAND No.	COORDINATES	ELEV	STAND No.	COORDINATES	ELEV	
A1 A2, A3 A4 thru A6 A7 A8 thru A10	N32 41.5 W016 46.7 N32 41.6 W016 46.6 N32 41.6 W016 46.5 N32 41.7 W016 46.5	157' 157' 157' 157' 157'	A11 A12, A13 A14 A15 A16 thru A18 A19	N32 41.7 W016 46.5 N32 41.7 W016 46.4 N32 41.8 W016 46.4 N32 41.8 W016 46.4 N32 41.8 W016 46.4 N32 41.6 W016 46.7	161' 164' 164' 167' 157'	

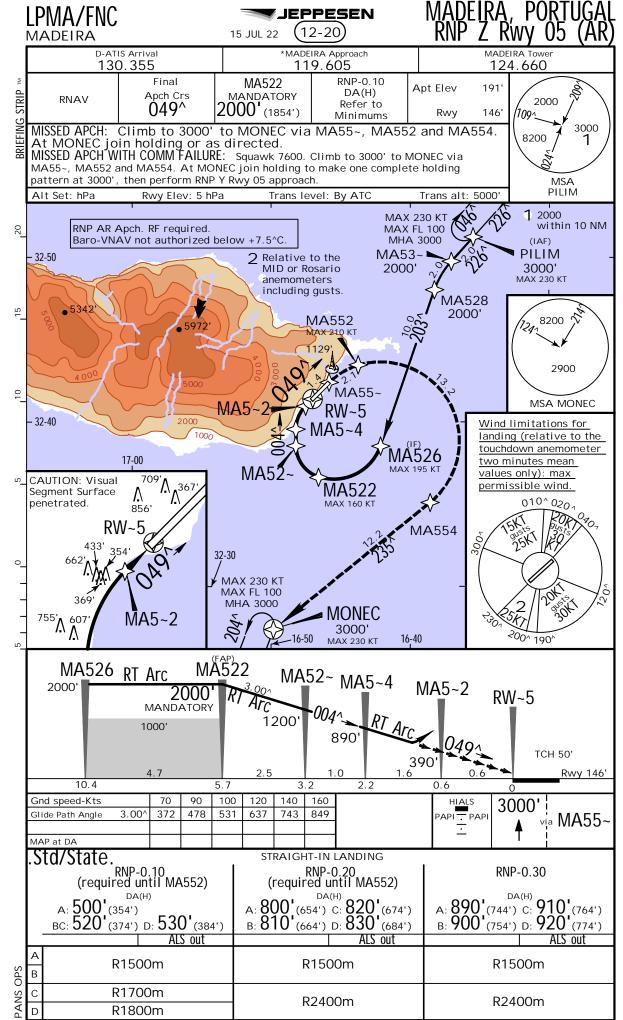


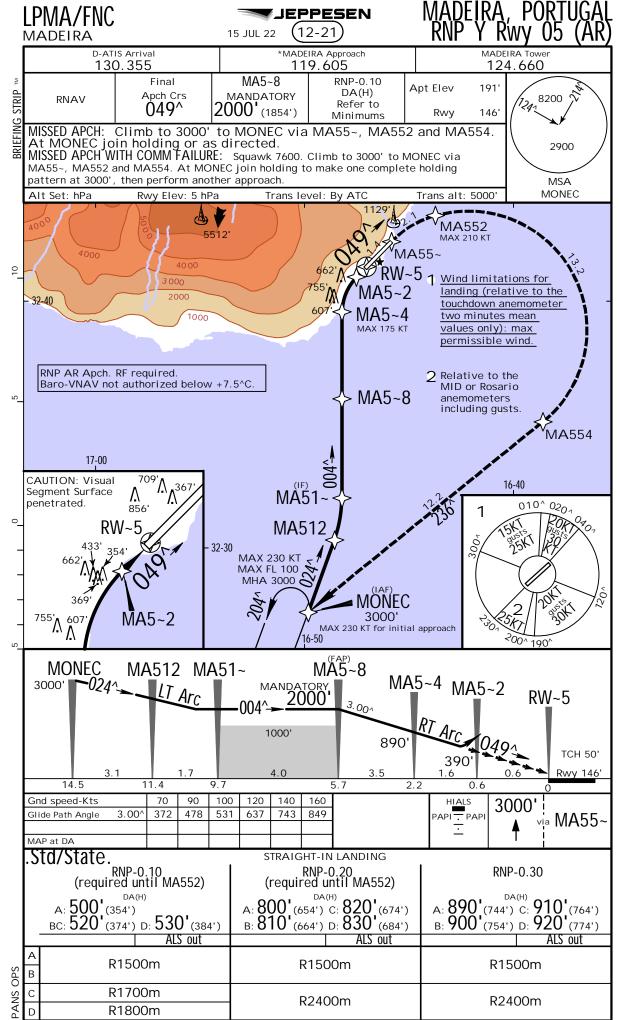


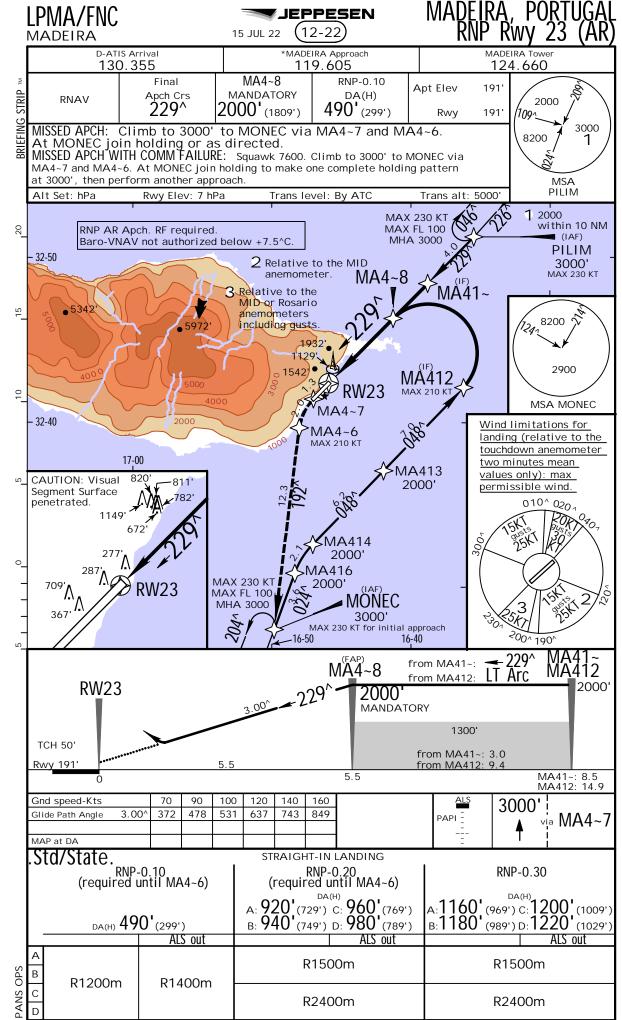


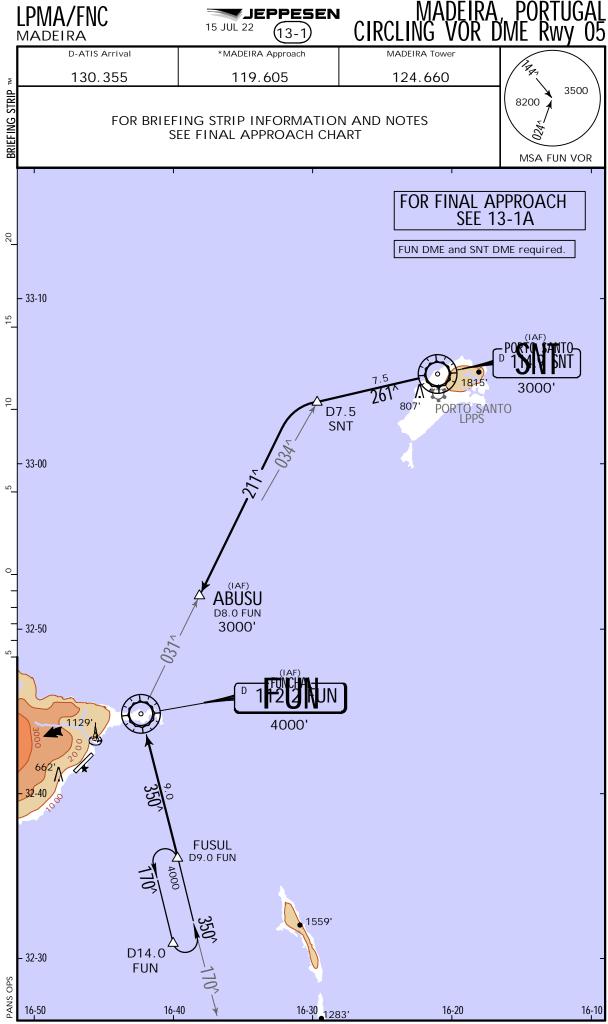
CHANGES:

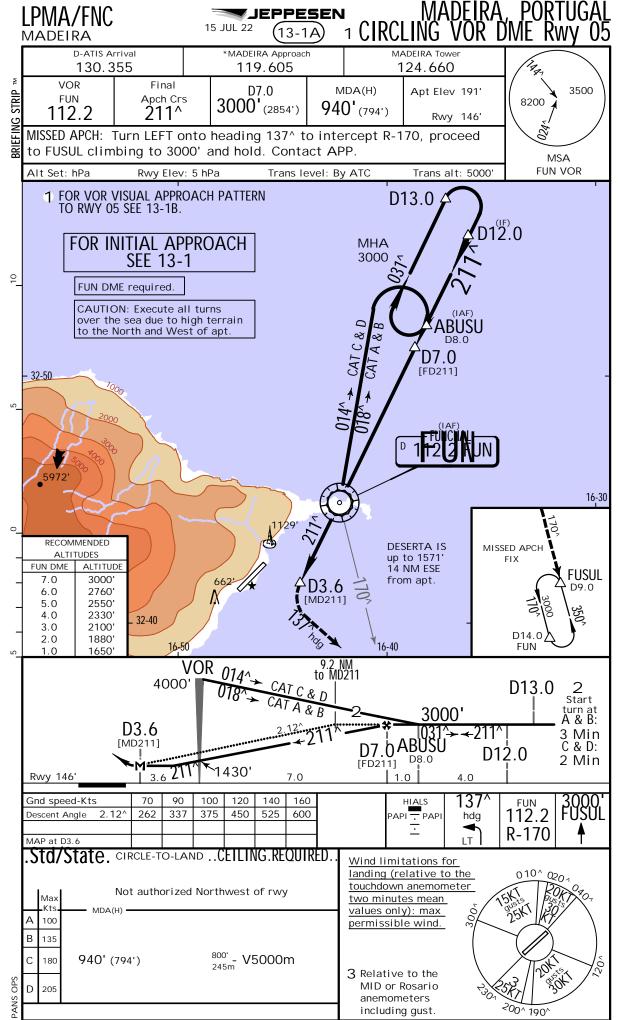


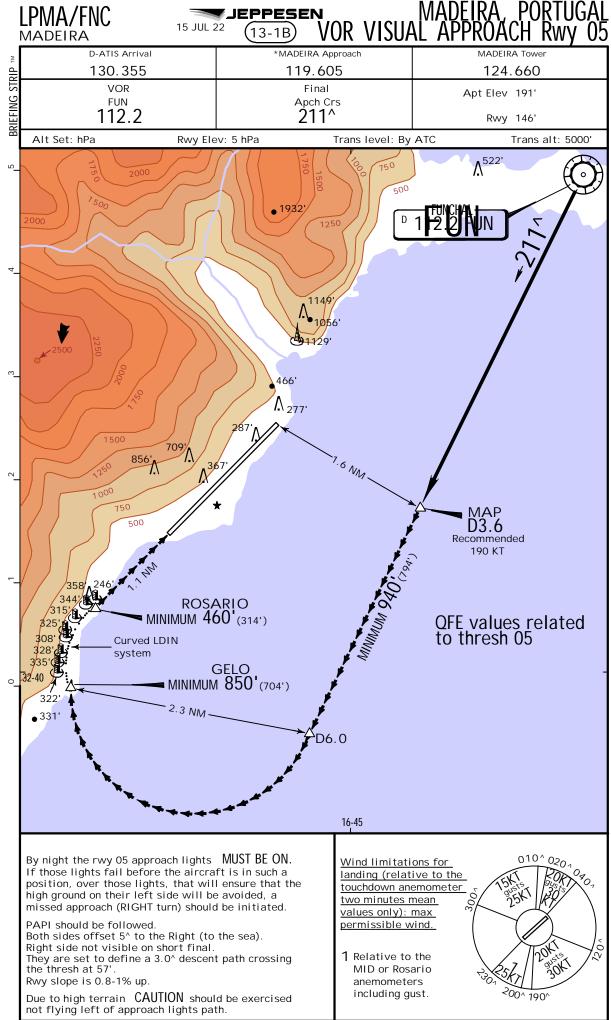




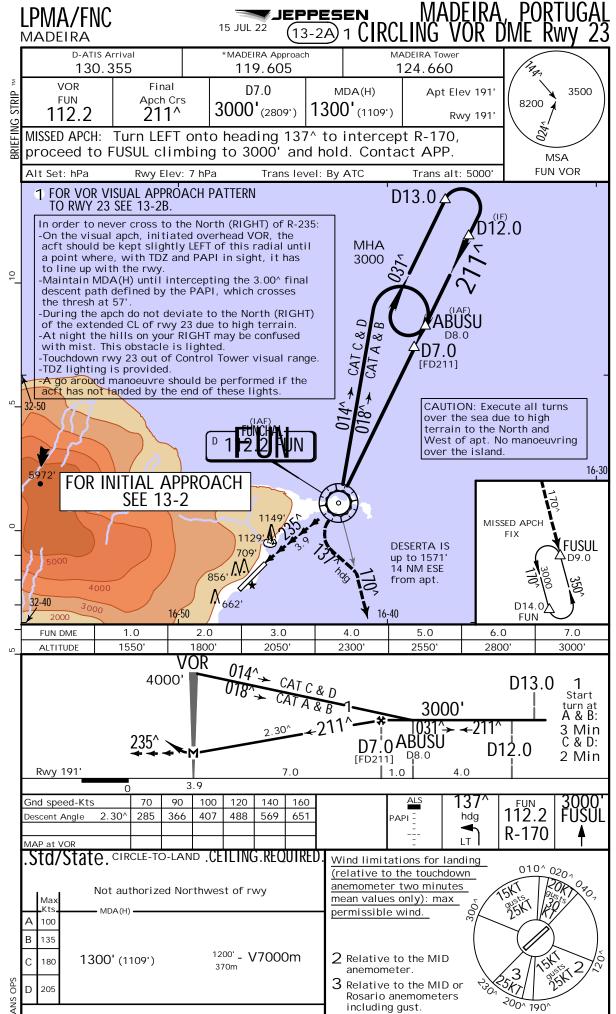


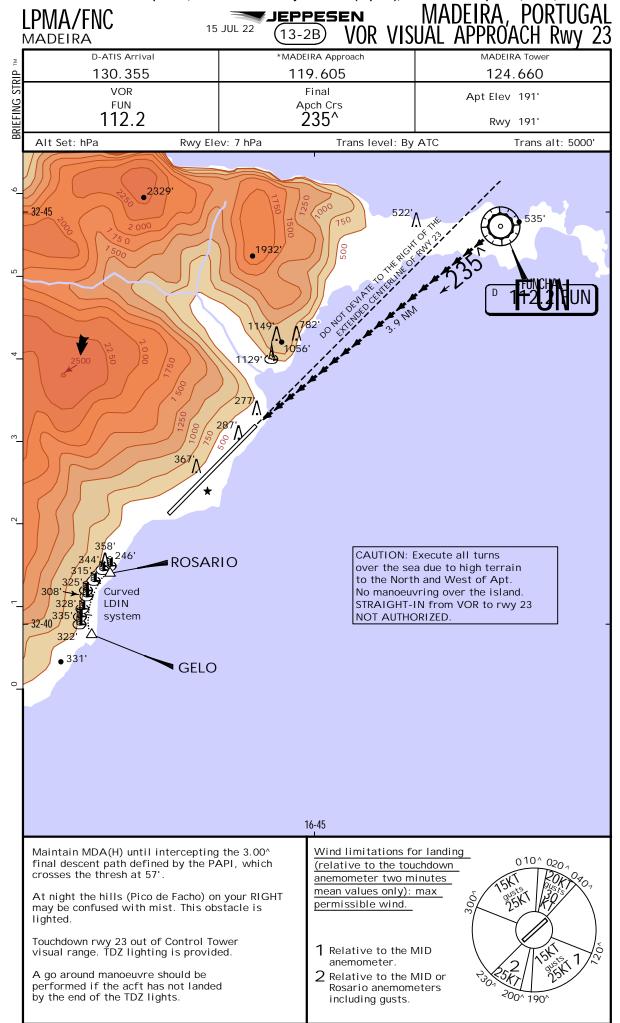












Revision Letter For Cycle 07-2023 Printed on 16 Apr 2023 Page 1 (c) JEPPESEN SANDERSON, INC., 2023, ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

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Chart changes since cycle 06-2023

ADD = added chart, REV = revised chart, DEL = deleted chart.

ACT PROCEDURE IDENT INDEX REV DATE EFF DATE

MADEIRA, (MADEIRA - LPMA)

Terminal Chart Change Notices
Page 1 - Printed on 16 Apr 2023
Notice: After 13 Apr 2023, 0000Z, this data may no longer be valid
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JEPPESENJeppView for Windows

TERMINAL CHART CHANGE NOTICES

Chart Change Notices for Airport LPMA

Type: Terminal

Effectivity: Temporary
Begin Date: Immediately
End Date: Until Further Notice

(SID/STARs) Due to replacement of MSSR Porto Santo Radar Station (10-2, 10-2A, 10-2B) all STARs suspended. Use Contingency STARs on 10-2C, 10-2D instead. (10-3, 10-3A, 10-3B, 10-3C) all SIDs suspended. Use Contingency SIDs on 10-3D, 10-3E, 10-3F, 10-3G instead. Based on SUP 002-21. Refer also to latest NOTAMs.